

Dual Auto-Zeroed Operational Amplifiers

Features:

- First Monolithic Dual Auto-Zeroed Operational Amplifier
- Chopper Amplifier Performance Without External Capacitors:
 - V_{OS} : 15 μV Max.
 - V_{OS} : Drift; 0.15 $\mu V/^{\circ}C$ Max.
 - Saves Cost of External Capacitors
- SOIC Packages Available
- High DC Gain; 120dB
- Low Supply Current; 650 μA
- Low Input Voltage Noise:
 - 0.65 μV_{P-P} (0.1 Hz to 10 Hz)
- Wide Common Mode Voltage Range:
 - V_{SS} to V_{DD} - 2V
- High Common Mode Rejection; 116dB
- Dual or Single Supply Operation:
 - $\pm 3.3V$ to $\pm 8.3V$
 - +6.5V to +16V
- Excellent AC Operating Characteristics:
 - Slew Rate; 2.5V/ μsec
 - Unity-Gain Bandwidth; 1.5 MHz
- Pin Compatible with LM358, OP-14, MC1458, ICL7621, TL082, TLC322

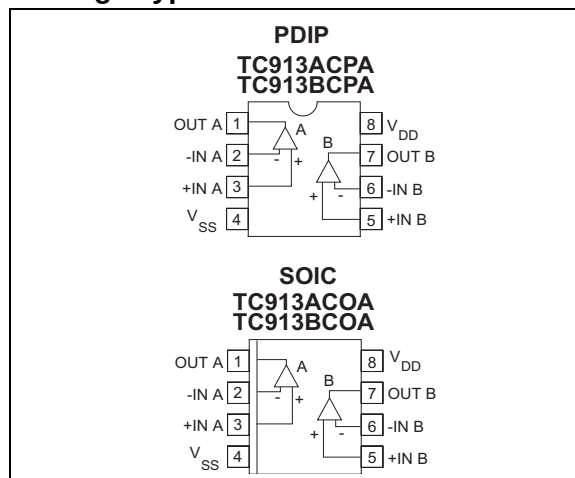
Applications:

- Instrumentation
- Medical Instrumentation
- Embedded Control
- Temperature Sensor Amplifier
- Strain Gage Amplifier

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Package	Temp. Range	Offset Voltage
TC913ACOA	8-Pin SOIC	0°C to +70°C	15 μV
TC913ACPA	8-Pin PDIP	0°C to +70°C	15 μV
TC913BCOA	8-Pin SOIC	0°C to +70°C	30 μV
TC913BCPA	8-Pin PDIP	0°C to +70°C	30 μV

Package Type



General Description:

The TC913 is the world's first complete monolithic, dual auto-zeroed operational amplifier. The TC913 sets a new standard for low-power, precision dual-operational amplifiers. Chopper-stabilized or auto-zeroed amplifiers offer low offset voltage errors by periodically sampling offset error, and storing correction voltages on capacitors. Previous single amplifier designs required two user-supplied, external 0.1 μF error storage correction capacitors — much too large for on-chip integration. The unique TC913 architecture requires smaller capacitors, making on-chip integration possible. Microvolt offset levels are achieved and **external capacitors are not required**.

The TC913 system benefits are apparent when contrasted with a TC7650 chopper amplifier circuit implementation. A single TC913 replaces two TC7650's and four capacitors. Five components and assembly steps are eliminated.

The TC913 pinout matches many popular dual-operational amplifiers: OP-04, TLC322, LM358, and ICL7621 are typical examples. In many applications, operating from dual 5V power supplies or single supplies, the TC913 offers superior electrical performance, and can be a functional drop-in replacement; printed circuit board rework is not necessary. The TC913's low offset voltage error eliminates offset voltage trim potentiometers often needed with bipolar and low accuracy CMOS operational amplifiers.

The TC913 takes full advantage of Microchip's proprietary CMOS technology. Unity gain bandwidth is 1.5 MHz and slew rate is 2.5V/ μsec .

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Total Supply Voltage (V_{DD} to V_{SS})	+18V
Input Voltage	($V_{DD} + 0.3V$) to ($V_{SS} - 0.3V$)
Current Into Any Pin	10 mA
While Operating	100 μ A
Package Power Dissipation ($T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$)	
Plastic DIP	730 mW
Plastic SOIC	470 mW
Operating Temperature Range	
C Device	0°C to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

*Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TC913A AND TC913B ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical Characteristics: $V_S = \pm 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise indicated.									
			TC913A			TC913B			
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	—	5	15	—	15	30	μ V	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$
TCV_{OS}	Average Temp. Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage	—	0.05	0.15	—	0.1	0.25	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	$0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ\text{C}$
		—	0.05	0.15	—	0.1	0.25	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	$-25^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 1)
I_B	Average Input Bias Current	—	—	90	—	—	120	pA	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	—	3	—	—	4	nA	$0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ\text{C}$
		—	—	4	—	—	6	nA	$-25^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ$
I_{OS}	Average Input Offset Current	—	5	20	—	10	40	pA	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	—	1	—	—	1	nA	$T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$
e_N	Input Voltage Noise	—	0.6	—	—	0.6	—	μV_{P-P}	0.1 to 1 Hz, $R_S \leq 100\Omega$
		—	11	—	—	11	—	μV_{P-P}	0.1 to 10 Hz, $R_S \leq 100\Omega$
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	110	116	—	100	110	—	dB	$V_{SS} \leq V_{CM} \leq V_{DD} - 2.2$
CMVR	Common Mode Voltage Range	V_{SS}	—	$V_{DD} - 2$	V_{SS}	—	$V_{DD} - 2$	V	
A_{OL}	Open-Loop Voltage Gain	115	120	—	110	120	—	dB	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{OUT} = \pm 4V$
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage Swing	$V_{SS} + 0.3$	—	$V_{DD} - 0.9$	$V_{SS} + 0.3$	—	$V_{DD} - 0.9$	V	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$
BW	Closed Loop Bandwidth	—	1.5	—	—	1.5	—	MHz	Closed Loop Gain = +1
SR	Slew Rate	—	2.5	—	—	2.5	—	V/ μ sec	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	110	—	—	100	—	—	dB	$\pm 3.3V$ to $\pm 5.5V$
V_S	Operating Supply Voltage Range	± 3.5	—	± 8.3	± 3.5	—	± 8.3	V	Split Supply
		7.0	—	16	7.0	—	16	V	Single Supply
I_S	Quiescent Supply Current	—	0.65	0.85	—	—	1.1	mA	$V_S = \pm 5V$

Note 1: Characterized; not 100% tested.

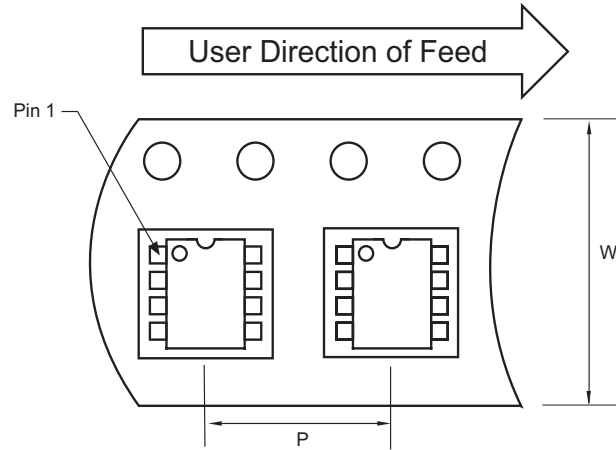
5.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

5.1 Package Marking Information

Package marking data not available at this time.

5.2 Taping Form

Component Taping Orientation for 8-Pin SOIC (Narrow) Devices



Standard Reel Component Orientation
for 713 Suffix Device

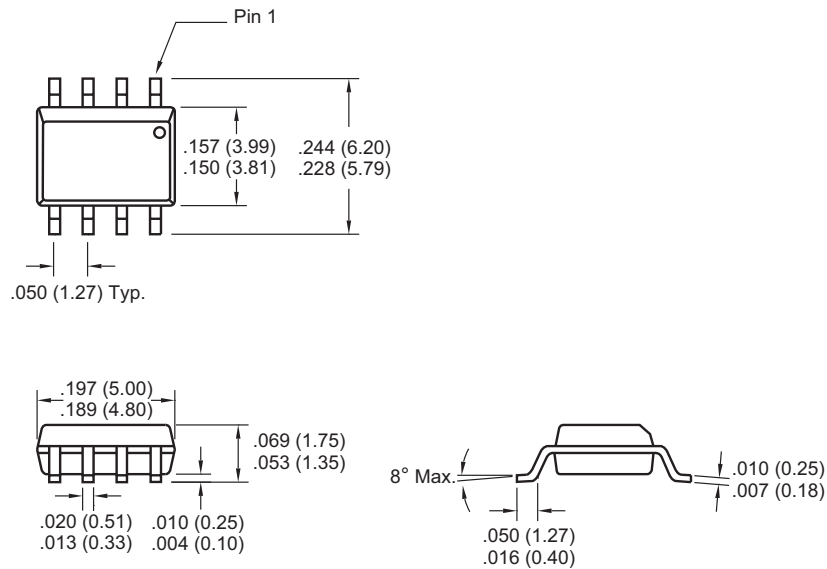
Carrier Tape, Number of Components Per Reel and Reel Size

Package	Carrier Width (W)	Pitch (P)	Part Per Full Reel	Reel Size
8-Pin SOIC (N)	12 mm	8 mm	2500	13 in

TC913A/TC913B

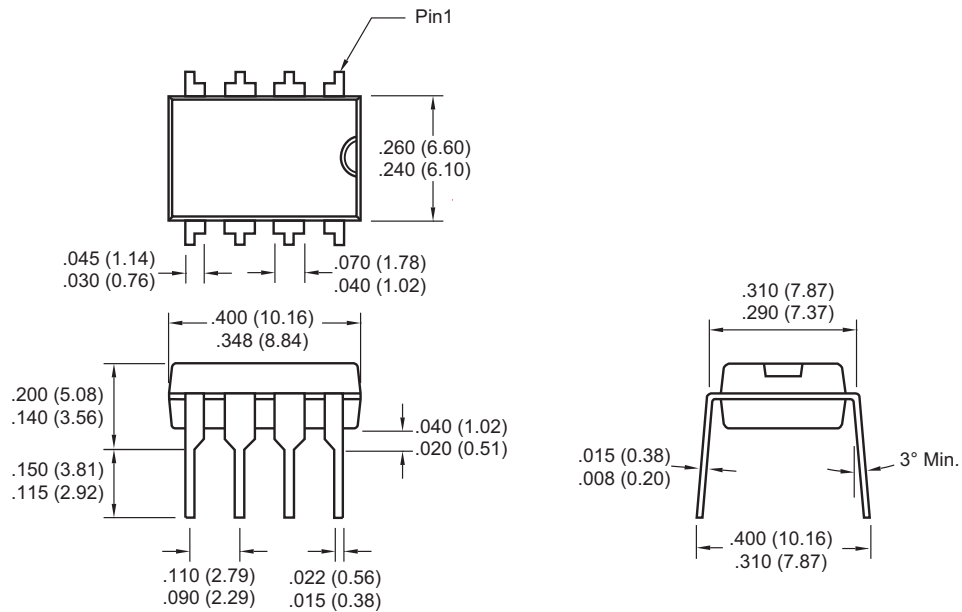
5.3 Package Dimensions

8-Pin SOIC



Dimensions: inches (mm)

8-Pin Plastic DIP



Dimensions: inches (mm)